You are given a series of video clips from a sporting event that lasted time seconds. These video clips can be overlapping with each other and have varying lengths.

Each video clip is described by an array clips where clips[i] = [starti, endi] indicates that the ith clip started at starti and ended at endi.

We can cut these clips into segments freely.

* For example, a clip [0, 7] can be cut into segments [0, 1] + [1, 3] + [3, 7].

Return *the minimum number of clips needed so that we can cut the clips into segments that cover the entire sporting event* [0, time]. If the task is impossible, return -1.

**Example 1:**

**Input:** clips = [[0,2],[4,6],[8,10],[1,9],[1,5],[5,9]], time = 10

**Output:** 3

**Explanation:** We take the clips [0,2], [8,10], [1,9]; a total of 3 clips.

Then, we can reconstruct the sporting event as follows:

We cut [1,9] into segments [1,2] + [2,8] + [8,9].

Now we have segments [0,2] + [2,8] + [8,10] which cover the sporting event [0, 10].

**Example 2:**

**Input:** clips = [[0,1],[1,2]], time = 5

**Output:** -1

**Explanation:** We cannot cover [0,5] with only [0,1] and [1,2].

**Example 3:**

**Input:** clips = [[0,1],[6,8],[0,2],[5,6],[0,4],[0,3],[6,7],[1,3],[4,7],[1,4],[2,5],[2,6],[3,4],[4,5],[5,7],[6,9]], time = 9

**Output:** 3

**Explanation:** We can take clips [0,4], [4,7], and [6,9].

**Constraints:**

* 1 <= clips.length <= 100
* 0 <= starti <= endi <= 100
* 1 <= time <= 100